





Tale T. Foluell, CPA

STATE TREASURER OF NORTH CAROLINA DALE R. FOLWELL, CPA



#### **2019 Plan Design Discussion & Enrollment Strategy**

**Board of Trustees Meeting** 

February 8, 2018

A Division of the Department of State Treasurer

#### **Proposed 2019 Plan Design Changes**





# 2019 Proposed Plan Design Strategy

- At the last board meeting, two potential changes for the 80/20 Plan were presented:
  - 1. Eliminate the Designated Provider Program
  - 2. Simplify the Out-of-Pocket (OOP)
    - Eliminate separate Medical & Pharmacy OOPs
    - Add one combined Medical/Pharmacy OOP
- There is recognition that either option would need to stay cost neutral.



# **Three-Year Benefit Strategy**

- Since the last board meeting, Staff have had the chance to review the following with the Treasurer:
  - Ongoing cost reductions opportunities on the Blue Cross Roadmap
  - 2017 plan financial results and future projections
  - Feedback from some of our constituent groups
  - Financial impacts of 2018 enrollment elections
- With this information, we have begun to develop the framework for a threeyear benefit strategy.



### Three-Year Strategy: Move Towards Medicare Based Reimbursement Rates



# 2019 Changes: 80/20 Out of Pocket

Individual In-Network Benefit Design	<b>70/30 Plan: 2018 &amp; 2019</b> Grandfathered Permanent Non-Medicare and Medicare Members	Grandfathered Non-Grandfathered ermanent Non-Medicare Permanent Non-Medicare	
Deductible	\$1,080	\$1,250	\$1,250
Coinsurance Percentage	30%	20%	20%
Preventive Coverage	Cost-Sharing Applies	100%	100%
*Medical OOP Max *Pharmacy OOP Max *Medical Coinsurance Max *Overall OOP Max	NA \$3,360 \$4,388 N/A	\$3,360 \$2,500 \$4,388 N/A	
PCP Copay	\$40	\$10 (selected PCP)/\$25 (non)	\$10 (selected PCP)/\$25 (non)
Chiro/Therapies	\$72	\$52	\$52
Specialist Copay	\$94	\$45 Designated/\$85 (non)	\$45 Designated/\$85 (non)
ER/Inpatient Hospital	\$337, then Ded/Coins.	\$300, then Ded/Coins.	\$300, then Ded/Coins.
Outpatient Hospital	Ded/Coins.	Ded/Coins.	Ded/Coins.
Urgent Care	\$100	\$70	\$70
Drugs Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Tier 4 Tier 5 Tier 6	\$16 \$47 \$74 10% up to \$100 25% up to \$103 25% up to \$133	\$5 \$30 Ded/Coins. \$100 \$250 Ded/Coins.	\$5 \$30 Ded/Coins. \$100 \$250 Ded/Coins.





#### **BOLD** = Proposed change from 2018

\*Individual Max Family Max is 3X Individual Max in 2019 proposal

## 2019 Proposed Benefit Strategy – Requires Board Vote

- Proposed 2019 Benefit Changes:
  - Simplify the 80/20 Plan
    - Replace the separate Pharmacy and Medical Out-of-Pockets on the 80/20 PPO Plan with a single, combined Medical/Pharmacy Out-of Pocket.
      - \$4,890 Individual 80/20 Medical/Pharmacy Out-of-Pocket
      - \$14,670 Family 80/20 Medical/Pharmacy Out-of-Pocket (3X times individual)



#### **2019 Enrollment Strategy**





### Open Enrollment Strategy: Plans with Premium Wellness Credits

Default Enrollment Strategies Since Premium Credits Were Introduced

- 2014 Open Enrollment (OE) All members were moved to the 70/30 Plan and subscribers had to elect a higher value plan and complete healthy activities to earn premium credits.
- 2015 & 2016 OE Members remained in their current plan and if they did not want to change plans, only had to complete the premium wellness credits during OE.
- 2017 & 2018 OE Members were once again moved to the 70/30 Plan for the start of OE. The only difference between 2017 and 2018 is that there was only one premium credit in 2018, but in both years subscribers had to elect a higher value plan and complete premium credit(s) to reduce their premium.



#### Premium Credit Completion Rate during OE

A Division of the Department of State Treasurer

DALE R. FOLWELL, CPA

A Division of the Department of State Treasurer

# **Enrollment Strategy Options**

#### **Option 1: Leave subscriber in current plan for start of OE.**

Pros	Cons		
Two steps can be eliminated:1) Plan election and 2) dependent changes if subscriber does not want to change plans or add/drop dependents.	While subscriber is able to skip plan selection and dependent selection screens, subscriber must still go through the enrollment workflow to click the final "save" button.		
	Subscriber must go through the full enrollment workflow if subscriber needs to add or drop dependents.		
	The premium impact is greater on the 80/20 Plan than it is in the 70/30 Plan: \$110/month in 80/20 vs. \$85/month in the 70/30 Plan if the member is currently enrolled in the 80/20 and forgets to complete the tobacco attestation or does not hit the final "save" button.		
Step 1: Edit Coverage Step 2: Complete Attestation	Step 3: Hit continue to save Step 4: Hit continue to continue		
North Garolina State Health Plan FOR TEACHERS AND STATE EMPLOYEES A Division of the Department of State Treasurer	quested Benefitfocus for an enhancement to eliminate the final "save." 10 A Division of the Department of State Treasurer		

# **Enrollment Strategy Options**

**Option 2: Default to the 70/30 for the start of Open Enrollment** 

Pros	Cons
Messaging is simple: <u>ALL</u> subscribers must take action.	Subscribers currently enrolled in the 80/20 are required to re-elect the 80/20 Plan for the following year which requires two more clicks.
Subscribers who do not take action will have a lower premium than if they started in the 80/20: \$85/month for 70/30 vs. \$110/month for the 80/20 Plan.	



Have requested Benefitfocus to eliminate the final "save."





## 2019 Default Enrollment Strategy: Requires Board Vote

#### Option 1: Leave subscriber in current plan for start of OE

- If subscriber had no changes, then the only requirement would be to complete the tobacco attestation and follow enrollment workflow through to the final save button.
- If the subscriber wants to change plans or update dependent coverage, the workflow is the same under either scenario
- Option 2: Move all subscribers to the 70/30 Plan for the start of OE (As a reminder, 57% of members elected the 80/20 for 2018)
  - If subscriber had no other changes, then the only requirement would be to complete the tobacco attestation and follow the enrollment workflow through to the final save button.
  - If the subscriber wants to change plans or update dependent coverage, the workflow is the same under either scenario.



#### Appendix





### Possible 2019 Benefit Changes: Designated Provider Program

#### The Designated Provider Incentive Program was introduced in 2014

- Intent was to encourage members to seek out providers that were "designated" as both high quality and low cost
  - **Designated Hospitals** Member's hospital copay waived
  - **Designated Specialists** Member's specialist copay reduced
- Challenges
  - Designated Hospital list changes every year
  - Specialists are hard for members to identify via the online provider lookup tool
  - Adoption Rate Low
    - Only 30% of members admitted to a hospital in 2017 chose a designated facility
    - Only 22% of members visited a designated specialist so far in 2017





### Possible 2019 Benefit Changes: Designated Provider Program

- How do we fix it?
  - Improve tools to make it easier to find providers.
  - Educate members about the program to maximize their benefit.
- Challenges?
  - **Costs** As much as possible, we want this to be cost neutral for the member and the Plan.



# 80/20 Analysis: 2017 Use of Designated Providers

Hospital Admissions	Сорау	Admits*	% of Admits	Total Copays	Avg Copay	Membe	rs
Designated/Critical Access	\$0	3,647	29.5%	\$0		2,835	30%
Non-Designated	\$450	8,729	70.5%	\$3,928,050		6,585	70%
Total		12,376		\$3,928,050	\$317	9,420	
Proposed 2019 Copay					\$300		
Creatialist Visita	Conorr	Vicito*	% of	of Total Avg			
Specialist Visits	Сорау	Visits*	Visits	Copays	Сорау	Members	
Designated	\$45	88,166	9.2%	\$3,967,470		46,661	22%
Non-Designated	\$85	870,531	90.8%	\$73,995,135		167,377	<mark>78%</mark>
Total		958,697		\$77,962,605	\$81	214,038	
Proposed 2019 Copay				\$75 <u>or</u> \$80			

**Conclusion:** Proposed 2019 copays for inpatient hospitalizations and specialist visits would be lower than the average 2017 copays. The additional cost to the Plan of the lower member copays could be recovered by adjusting the Out-of-Pocket (OOP) maximum. A higher specialist copay would allow for a lower OOP max; a lower specialist copay would require a higher OOP max.





<sup>\*</sup>Through October 2017

# Possible 2019 Benefit Changes: Simplify OOP

- In 2017, the methodology for tracking member cost share maximums on the 80/20 Plan was changed from a coinsurance maximum to an OOP maximum.
- Instead of implementing a combined medical and pharmacy OOP, separate medical and pharmacy OOPs were introduced.
- But the deductible was set up to cross-accumulate between the pharmacy and medical benefits.



#### If you don't understand this, don't worry, neither does anyone else.





# Possible 2019 Benefit Changes: Simplified OOP

How do we fix it?

- **Deductible** Keep the combined Medical & Pharmacy Deductible
- OOP Move to a combined Medical & Pharmacy OOP

#### Challenges?

 Costs - As much as possible, we want this to be cost neutral for the member and the Plan.



### Possible 2019 Benefit Changes: Member Cost Share Options

	Individual In-Network	CY 2018	CY 2019: Option 1	CY 2019: Option 2
Both Options 1 and 2 address	Deductible	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250
<ul> <li>Removal of Designated Provider Program</li> <li>Change to Combined Medical and Pharmacy OOP</li> <li>Need to remain cost neutral</li> </ul>	Coinsurance Percent	20%	20%	20%
	Preventive Coverage	100%	100%	100%
	Medical OOP Max Pharmacy OOP Max Overall OOP Max	\$4,350 \$2,500 N/A	N/A N/A <b>\$5,480</b>	N/A N/A <b>\$4,986 (or \$5,000)</b>
	PCP Copay	\$10 or \$25	\$10/\$25	\$10/\$25
	Chiro/Therapies	\$52	\$52	\$52
	Specialist Copay	\$45 or \$85	\$75	\$80
	Inpatient Hospital	\$0 or \$450, then Ded/Coins.	<b>\$300</b> , then Ded/Coins.	<b>\$300</b> , then Ded/Coins.
	Outpatient Hospital	Ded/Coins.	Ded/Coins.	Ded/Coins.
	Urgent Care	\$70	\$70	\$70
	ER Copay	\$300, then Ded/Coins.	\$300, then Ded/Coins.	\$300, then Ded/Coins.
	Drugs Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Tier 4 Tier 5 Tier 6	\$5 \$30 Ded/Coins. \$100 \$250 Ded/Coins.	\$5 \$30 Ded/Coins. \$100 \$250 Ded/Coins.	\$5 \$30 Ded/Coins. \$100 \$250 Ded/Coins.





# Potential 2019 Plan Comparison

Individual In-Network Benefit Design	<b>70/30 Plan</b> Grandfathered Permanent Non-Medicare and Medicare Members	80/20 Plan: Option 1 Non-Grandfathered Permanent Non-Medicare Members	80/20 Plan: Option 2 Non-Grandfathered Permanent Non-Medicare Members	
Deductible	\$1,080	\$1,250	\$1,250	
Coinsurance Percentage	30%	20%	20%	
Preventive Coverage	Cost-Sharing Applies	100%	100%	
Pharmacy OOP Max Medical Coinsurance Max Overall OOP Max	\$3,360 \$4,388 N/A	N/A N/A <b>\$5,480</b>	N/A N/A <b>\$4,986 (or \$5,000)</b>	
PCP Copay	\$40	\$10 (selected PCP)/\$25 (non)	\$10 (selected PCP)/\$25 (non)	
Chiro/Therapies	\$72	\$52	\$52	
Specialist Copay	\$94	\$75	\$80	
ER/Inpatient Hospital	\$337, then Ded/Coins.	\$300, then Ded/Coins.	\$300, then Ded/Coins.	
Outpatient Hospital	Ded/Coins.	Ded/Coins.	Ded/Coins.	
Urgent Care	\$100	\$70	\$70	
Drugs Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Tier 4 Tier 5 Tier 6	\$16 \$47 \$74 10% up to \$100 25% up to \$103 25% up to \$133	\$5 \$30 Ded/Coins. \$100 \$250 Ded/Coins.	\$5 \$30 Ded/Coins. \$100 \$250 Ded/Coins.	





**BOLD** = Proposed change from 2018