

# State Health Plan of North Carolina

Application of 'Value-Based Insurance Design' Principles

January 2015



#### State Health Plan (SHP) of North Carolina—Evolution of Health Plan Benefits

| Mission  | Guiding Principles  |
|--|---|
| Improve the health and health care of North Carolina teachers, state employees, retirees, and their dependents, in a financially sustainable manner, thereby serving as a model to the people of North Carolina for improving their health and well-being. | <ul> <li>Improve Affordability</li> <li>Improve Members' Health</li> <li>Ensure Access to Quality Care</li> <li>Incent Member Engagement</li> <li>Expand Value Based Design Elements</li> <li>Promote Health Literacy</li> <li>Provide Member Choice</li> <li>Maintain Financial Stability</li> </ul> |

#### **Current Plan Offerings**

- Enhanced 80/20, 52% of membership, Monthly cost for single coverage is \$13.56 to \$63.56.
- Traditional 70/30, 45% of membership, No monthly premium for single coverage.
- CDHP (high deductible with HRA), 3% of membership, Monthly cost for single coverage is \$0 to \$40.

Opportunity for SHP. It is a well-documented fact that there is significant underuse of evidence-based clinical services and significant wasteful spending (for unnecessary care, inappropriate care, and poor quality care) in the US healthcare system. Therefore, large healthcare purchasers and their members can benefit from efforts to 'get more for less', or achieve the same or better outcomes for the same or less money. We recommend that plan sponsors seek to modify incentives in a way that positively impacts underuse, overuse, and misuse of the system.

Value-Based Insurance Design (VBID) and the Concept of Clinical Nuance. VBID plans align patients' out-of-pocket costs, such as copayments and coinsurance, with the clinical value of services. These innovative products are designed with the tenets of "clinical nuance" in mind. These tenets recognize that 1) medical services differ in the amount of health produced, and 2) the clinical benefit derived from a specific service depends on the consumer using it, as well as when and where the service is provided. In order to achieve greater 'value', the VBID concept seeks to pay more (up to 100%) for high value services, and pay less (or 0%) for low or no value services ("carrots" and "sticks"). Carrots include secondary preventive care (e.g., for patients with chronic illness such as asthma or high blood pressure, paying for medications and/or services that prevent complications or deterioration in the patient's condition). Examples of sticks include wasteful services such as expensive testing for lower back pain, certain treatments for knee pain, and elective inductions for childbirth. The addition of incentives and disincentives results in higher utilization of high value services and reductions in use of low value services.

Summary of Recommendations. VBID Health commends the SHP for its early work in value-based insurance design and supports continuation of SHP decisions to incorporate VBID elements related to prevention and wellness. The next step(s) are to increasingly build in incentives to use specific services that are correlated to specific populations, thereby increasing the degree of 'clinical nuance' in the plan designs. VBID Health's specific recommendations for the SHP over the next three years are summarized by year on the next page, with existing VBID elements shown in red. The final five pages are appendices that summarize idealized VBID plan design elements for the management of 5 specific chronic illnesses—diabetes, COPD, asthma, hyperlipidemia, and hypertension. These elements may be considered by the BOT in succeeding policy year deliberations around VBID.

# Potential Progression of Value-Based Insurance Design

### 2016

- Preventive services with no costsharing (ACA)
- Premium credits tied to wellness activities
- Incentives to choose PCP
- Steerage to Blue Option highperforming providers
- Deductible-exempt chronic disease medications (standard co-insurance)
- •HRA credits for engaging in health management activities
- Select services with \$0 cost-sharing:
- •diabetes, asthma, or hypertension:
- •2 additional PCP visits
- •diabetes:
- HbA1c test (2/yr)
- microalbumin test (1/yr)
- Certified Diabetes Educator visits
- Access to Diabetes Primary Prevention program

### 2017

- •Enhance existing VBID elements in place and under consideration
- •Broaden diabetes health engagement program to include additional metrics (e.g. eye exams)
- Add selected high value services (e.g. diagnostic tests) for clinical conditions in addition to diabetes (e.g. asthma, hyperlipidemia) with similar administrative complexity
- LDL testing
- Asthma action plan
- Consider reducing co-insurance levels for high-value drug classes that are deductible-exempt
- Consider cost-sharing reductions for NCQA certified PCMH providers

### 2018

- Optimize member engagement and plan selection based on benefit value
- Align consumer engagement initiatives with payment reform efforts
- Better utilize wellness, satisfaction and claims data to refine plan offerings
- Expand high value service for selected conditions across entire spectrum of care



### Value Based Insurance Design for Enrollees with Diabetes Prepared by VBID Health

A clinically nuanced, Value Based Insurance Design benefit for patients with diabetes includes the covered benefits listed below with little or no patient cost sharing.

RED - services already implemented or under consideration per November Board meeting presentation.

GREEN - medication specific. "Reduced pharmacy copays" under consideration per Nov. Board presentation for these conditions, but specific drug classes not yet specified.

BLUE - Expanded high value service for selected conditions across entire condition spectrum.

|   | Categories of Covered Benefits                                     |  |                          |         |   |   |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--------------------------|---------|---|---|---|--|--|
| Clinician Visits  | Diagnostic Testing   | Medications**  | DME                      | Monitor | Physician<br>Extenders                                | Specialists   | Other   |  |  |
| Primary Care Physician (SHP suggests 2 additional). Incentives to choose and use PCP in place | Blood pressure* unlimited no cost visits for blood pressure checks | BP meds  | BP cuff                  |         | Dietician   | Cardiologist - up to 2 visits                                 | Incentivize member to complete a diabetes action plan     |  |  |
| Physician's Assistant up to 6 visits  | LDL testing on diagnosis and one yearly assess adherence           | Statins/TRG lowering   |                          |         | Certified Diabetes Educator - SHP recommends 2 visits |   | Incentivize member to complete an education program       |  |  |
| Nurse Practitioner up to 6 visits   | A1c - SHP recommends at least twice yearly                         | Insulin/other glycemic lowering agents   | Glucometer & test strips |         | Wound care  | Endocrinologist -<br>up to 2 visits                           | SHP recommends access to DPP program                      |  |  |
| Patient-Centered Medical<br>Home - reduce cost share for<br>visits if NCQA acceditation       | Urinalysis - SHP recommends at least 1 yearly                      |  |                          |         | Weight watchers                                       | Nephrologist - up<br>to 2 visits                              |   |  |  |
|   | Retinal eye exam - yearly  |  |                          |         |   | Ophthalmologist-<br>as needed for<br>retonoptahy<br>treatment |   |  |  |
|   | Podiatry exam - yearly   |  | Orthotics as prescribed  |         |   | Podiatrist - up to 2 visits                                   |   |  |  |
|   | Depression screening - yearly                                      | All classes of anti-<br>depression meds  |                          |         |   | Psychiatritist - up to 2 visits                               |   |  |  |
|   | Tobacco use screening-<br>yearly                                   | All classes of meds used<br>for smoking cessation<br>(consider similar benefit<br>for spouse or other<br>coinhabitant) |                          |         | Behavioral<br>therapy for<br>smoking<br>cessation     | Vascular Surgeon -<br>up to 2 visits                          | Incentivize member to enroll in smoking cessation program |  |  |
| _   | BMI screening - yearly   | Influenza Vaccination  |                          |         |   |   |   |  |  |
|   | Age appropriate Hepatitis C screening - one time                   | Pneumovax Vaccination  |                          |         |   |   |   |  |  |
|   |  | HBV Vaccination  |                          |         |   |   |   |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>The USPSTF recommends screening for type 2 diabetes in asymptomatic adults with sustained blood pressure (either treated or untreated) greater than 135/80 mm Hg.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Discuss branded vs. generic drugs, and the difference between generics and therapeutic substitutions

## Value Based Insurance Design for Enrollees with COPD Prepared by VBID Health

A clinically nuanced, Value Based Insurance Design benefit for patients with COPD includes the covered benefits listed below with little or no patient cost sharing.

RED - services already implemented or under consideration per November Board meeting presentation.

|   | Categories of Covered Benefits    |  |  |            |   |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|------------|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | Diagnostic                        |  |  |            | Physician   |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinician Visits  | Testing                           | Medications*   | DME  | Monitor    | Extenders   | Specialists   | Other  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary Care Physician- 2<br>additional per year                            | Pulmonary<br>Function test        | Bronchodilators (quick acting/rescue medication; metered dose inhaler and/or nebulized)                    | Home Spirometer  | Spirometry | Behavioral<br>therapy for<br>smoking<br>cessation | Pulmonologist | Pulmonary rehabilitation and ongoing exercise program for moderate and severe COPD (defined as FEV <80%) |  |  |  |  |
| Physician's Assistant- up<br>to 6   | Long-term<br>oxygen<br>assessment | Inhaled Steroids   | Prescription for<br>long-term home<br>oxygen for those<br>who are hypoxic<br>and meet criteria |            |   |               | Incentivize member to complete an action plan  |  |  |  |  |
| Nurse Practitioner- up to 6   |                                   | Long-acting beta-agonists (only in combination with inhaled steroids; not as a stand alone medication)     |  |            |   |               | Incentivize member to complete an education program  |  |  |  |  |
| Patient-Centered Medical<br>Home- reduce cost share<br>if NCQA acceditation |                                   | Anticholinergics (Spiriva,<br>Combivent)   |  |            |   |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Depression screening              | All classes of anti depression meds  |  |            |   |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Tobacco use screening             | All classes of meds used for smoking cessation (consider similar benefit for spouse or other coinhabitant) |  |            |   |               | Incentivize member to enroll in smoking cessation program  |  |  |  |  |
|   | BMI screening                     | Influenza Vaccination  |  |            |   |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                   | Pneumovax Vaccination  |  |            |   |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                                   | HBV Vaccination  |  |            |   |               |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Discuss branded vs. generic drugs, and the difference between generics and therapeutic substitutions

# Value Based Insurance Design for Enrollees with Asthma Prepared by VBID Health

A clinically nuanced, Value Based Insurance Design benefit for patients with asthma includes the covered benefits listed below with little or no patient cost sharing.

RED - services already implemented or under consideration per November Board meeting presentation.

| Categories of Covered Benefits  |                             |   |                 |            |  |               |   |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|------------|--|---------------|---|--|--|
| Clinician Visits  | Diagnostic<br>Testing       | Medications*  | DME             | Monitor    | Physician Extenders  | Specialists   | Other   |  |  |
| Primary Care Physician- 2<br>additional per year                            | Pulmonary<br>Function test  | All classes of Antibiotic or Anti-<br>Viral medication used to treat<br>bacterial or viral infections for<br>asthmatics | Peak Flow Meter | Spirometry | Inhaler training   | Pulmonologist | Incentivize member to complete an asthma action plan                          |  |  |
| Physician's Assistant- up to 6  | Allergy<br>sensitivity test | All classes of long acting controllers to help manage asthma  | Home Spirometer |            | Education to identify causes and reduce incidence of asthma flares | Allergist     | Incentivize member to complete an asthma allergens/triggers education program |  |  |
| Nurse Practitioner- up to 6   |                             | All classes of rescue inhalers to provide temporary relief  |                 |            |  |               |   |  |  |
| Patient-Centered Medical<br>Home- reduce cost share if<br>NCQA acceditation |                             |   |                 |            |  |               |   |  |  |
|   | Depression screening        | All classes of anti depression meds   |                 |            |  |               |   |  |  |
|   | Tobacco use screening       | All classes of meds used for smoking cessation (consider similar benefit for spouse or other coinhabitant)              |                 |            |  |               | Incentivize member to enroll in smoking cessation program                     |  |  |
|   | BMI screening               | Influenza Vaccination   |                 |            |  |               |   |  |  |
|   |                             | Pneumovax Vaccination   |                 |            |  |               |   |  |  |
|   |                             | HBV Vaccination   |                 |            |  |               |   |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Discuss branded vs. generic drugs, and the difference between generics and therapeutic substitutions

### Value Based Insurance Design for Enrollees with Hyperlipidemia Prepared by VBID Health

A clinically nuanced, Value Based Insurance Design benefit for patients with hyperlipidemia includes the covered benefits listed below with little or no patient cost sharing.

RED - services already implemented or under consideration per November Board meeting presentation.

|   | Categories of Covered Benefits             |  |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|---------|---------|---|-----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Clinician Visits  | Diagnostic Testing                         | Medications*   | DME     | Monitor | Physician<br>Extenders                              | Specialists     | Other   |  |  |  |
| Primary Care Physician- 2 additional per year                               | Lipid profile                              | Statins**  |         | LDL     | Dietician   | Cardiologist    | Hyperlipidemia education covered annually                 |  |  |  |
| Physician's Assistant- up to 6  | Blood pressure*** -<br>unlimited MA visits | BP meds - encourage combination therapy  | BP cuff | BP      | MA  | Endocrinologist | Dietary consult or counseling                             |  |  |  |
| Nurse Practitioner- up to 6   | Liver profile                              |  |         |         |   | Nephrologist    | Incentivize member to complete an action plan             |  |  |  |
| Patient-Centered Medical<br>Home- reduce cost share if<br>NCQA acceditation | Diabetes screening                         | Fibric acid derivatives/Fibrates   |         |         |   |                 | Incentivize member to complete an education program       |  |  |  |
|   |  | Niacin   |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |
|   |  | Selective cholesterol absorption inhibitor   |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |
|   |  | Bile-acid sequestrants   |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |
|   | Depression screening                       | All classes of anti depression meds  |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |
|   | Tobacco use screening                      | All classes of meds used for smoking cessation (consider similar benefit for spouse or other coinhabitant) |         |         | Behavioral<br>therapist for<br>smoking<br>cessation |                 | Incentivize member to enroll in smoking cessation program |  |  |  |
|   | BMI Screening                              | Influenza Vaccination  |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |
|   |  | Pneumovax Vaccination  |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |
|   |  | HBV Vaccination  |         |         |   |                 |   |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Discuss branded vs. generic drugs, and the difference between generics and therapeutic substitutions

<sup>\*\*</sup>Strongly push generic statins; if compliant and LDL is still too high, allow Crestor (for someone who fails Lipitor (atorva statin) or Zocor (simva statin))

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>The USPSTF recommends screening for type 2 diabetes in asymptomatic adults with sustained blood pressure (either treated or untreated) greater than 135/80 mm Hg.

#### Value Based Insurance Design for Enrollees with Hypertension Prepared by VBID Health

A clinically nuanced, Value Based Insurance Design benefit for patients with hypertension includes the covered benefits listed below with little or no patient cost sharing.

RED - services already implemented or under consideration per November Board meeting presentation.

| Categories of Covered Benefits                                       |                       |  |         |         |  |                            |   |  |  |
|--|-----------------------|--|---------|---------|--|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Clinician Visits   | Diagnostic Testing    | Medications*   | DME     | Monitor | Physician<br>Extenders                           | Specialists                | Other   |  |  |
| Primary Care Physician- 2 additional per year                        | Blood pressure        | BP meds  | BP cuff | BP      | Dietician  | Cardiologist               | Hypertension education                                    |  |  |
| Physician's Assistant up to 6  | Lipid profile         | Statins  |         | LDL     |  | Hypertension<br>Specialist | Incentivize member to complete an action plan             |  |  |
| Nurse Practitioner up to 6   | Electrolytes          |  |         |         |  |                            | Incentivize member to complete an education program       |  |  |
| Patient-Centered Medical Home reduce cost share if NCQA acceditation | Diabetes screening*   |  |         |         |  |                            |   |  |  |
|  | Depression screening  | All classes of anti-depression meds  |         |         |  |                            |   |  |  |
|  | Tobacco use screening | All classes of meds used for smoking cessation (consider similar benefit for spouse or other coinhabitant) |         |         | Behavioral<br>therapist for<br>smoking cessation |                            | Incentivize member to enroll in smoking cessation program |  |  |
|  | BMI screening         | Influenza Vaccination  |         |         |  |                            |   |  |  |
|  |                       | Pneumovax Vaccination  |         |         |  |                            |   |  |  |
|  |                       | HBV Vaccination  |         |         |  |                            |   |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>The USPSTF recommends screening for type 2 diabetes in asymptomatic adults with sustained blood pressure (either treated or untreated) greater than 135/80 mm Hg.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Discuss branded vs. generic drugs, and the difference between generics and therapeutic substitutions