

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

DRUG CLASS	ISOTRETINOINS (ALL ORAL)
BRAND NAME (generic)	ABSORICA, ABSORICA LD (isotretinoin)
	ACCUTANE (isotretinoin)
	AMNESTEEM (isotretinoin)
	CLARAVIS (isotretinoin)
	MYORISAN (isotretinoin)
	ZENATANE (isotretinoin)
Status: CVS Caremark Criteria	
Type: Initial Prior Authorization	

POLICY

FDA-APPROVED INDICATIONS

Absorica, Absorica LD

Absorica and Absorica LD are indicated for the treatment of severe recalcitrant nodular acne in non-pregnant patients 12 years of age and older with multiple inflammatory nodules with a diameter of 5 mm or greater. Because of significant adverse reactions associated with its use, Absorica and Absorica LD are reserved for patients with severe nodular acne who are unresponsive to conventional therapy, including systemic antibiotics.

Limitations of Use:

If a second course of Absorica/Absorica LD therapy is needed, it is not recommended before a two-month waiting period because the patient's acne may continue to improve following a 15 to 20-week course of therapy

Accutane, Amnesteem, Claravis, Myorisan, Zenatane

Isotretinoin is indicated for the treatment of severe recalcitrant nodular acne. Nodules are inflammatory lesions with a diameter of 5 mm or greater. The nodules may become suppurative or hemorrhagic. "Severe," by definition, means "many" as opposed to "few or several" nodules. Because of significant adverse effects associated with its use, isotretinoin should be reserved for patients with severe nodular acne who are unresponsive to conventional therapy, including systemic antibiotics. In addition, isotretinoin is indicated only for those female patients who are not pregnant, because isotretinoin can cause severe birth defects.

A single course of therapy for 15 to 20 weeks has been shown to result in complete and prolonged remission of disease in many patients. If a second course of therapy is needed, it should not be initiated until at least 8 weeks after completion of the first course, because experience has shown that patients may continue to improve while off isotretinoin. The optimal interval before retreatment has not been defined for patients who have not completed skeletal growth.

Compendial Uses

Acne – refractory⁷

Cutaneous T-cell Lymphoma (CTCL) (e.g., mycosis fungoides, Sézary syndrome)⁶

Keratosis follicularis (Darier Disease) – severe⁷

Lamellar ichthyosis – severe skin involvement⁶

Neuroblastoma⁷

Pityriasis rubra pilaris⁶

Rosacea – severe refractory⁷

Squamous Cell Cancers – to reduce the development of precancers and skin cancers in high risk patients⁷

Transient acantholytic dermatosis (Grover's Disease) – severe⁷

COVERAGE CRITERIA

The requested drug will be covered with prior authorization when the following criteria are met:

- The patient has any of the following diagnoses: A) severe recalcitrant nodular acne vulgaris, B) refractory acne vulgaris, C) severe refractory rosacea

AND

- The patient has tried and had an inadequate treatment response to any topical acne product AND an oral antibiotic

AND

- Treatment will be limited to 40 weeks (2 courses) or less AND with at least 8 weeks between each course

OR

- The patient has any of the following diagnoses: A) neuroblastoma, B) cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) (e.g., mycosis fungoides, Sézary syndrome), C) is at high risk for developing skin cancer (squamous cell cancers), D) transient acantholytic dermatosis (Grover's Disease), E) keratosis follicularis (Darier Disease), F) lamellar ichthyosis, G) pityriasis rubra pilaris

REFERENCES

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